

Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones.

$y = (2x^4 - 3x^2 + 7x)^5$	\rightarrow	$y' = 5(2x^4 - 3x^2 + 7x)^4 (8x^3 - 6x + 7)$
$y = \sqrt{x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x - 9}$	\rightarrow	$y' = \frac{3x^2 - 10x + 6}{2\sqrt{x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x - 9}}$
$y = \sqrt[3]{9x^2 + x - 8}$	\rightarrow	$y = (9x^2 + x - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ $y' = \frac{1}{3}(9x^2 + x - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}-1} (18x + 1) = \frac{1}{3}(9x^2 + x - 8)^{-\frac{2}{3}} (18x + 1) =$ $= \frac{(18x + 1)}{3(9x^2 + x - 8)^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{(18x + 1)}{3\sqrt[3]{(9x^2 + x - 8)^2}}$
$y = \sqrt[5]{(3x^4 - 6x^2)^3}$	\rightarrow	$y = (3x^4 - 6x^2)^{\frac{3}{5}}$ $y' = \frac{3}{5}(3x^4 - 6x^2)^{\frac{3}{5}-1} (12x^3 - 12x) = \frac{3}{5}(3x^4 - 6x^2)^{-\frac{2}{5}} (12x^3 - 12x) =$ $= \frac{3(12x^3 - 12x)}{5(3x^4 - 6x^2)^{\frac{2}{5}}} = \frac{3(12x^3 - 12x)}{5\sqrt[5]{(3x^4 - 6x^2)^2}}$
$y = \frac{x^2 - 5x}{3x - 2}$	\rightarrow	$y' = \frac{(2x - 5)(3x - 2) - (x^2 - 5x)3}{(3x - 2)^2} = \frac{6x^2 - 4x - 15x + 10 - 3x^2 + 15x}{(3x - 2)^2} =$ $= \frac{3x^2 - 4x + 10}{(3x - 2)^2}$
$y = \frac{3x^2 - 6x}{x^4 - 2x^2 + 6}$	\rightarrow	$y' = \frac{(6x - 6)(x^4 - 2x^2 + 6) - (3x^2 - 6x)(4x^3 - 4x)}{(x^4 - 2x^2 + 6)^2} =$ $= \frac{6x^5 - 12x^3 + 36x - 6x^4 + 12x^2 - 36 - (12x^5 - 12x^3 - 24x^4 + 24x^2)}{(x^4 - 2x^2 + 6)^2} =$ $= \frac{-6x^5 + 18x^4 - 12x^2 + 36x - 36}{(x^4 - 2x^2 + 6)^2}$
$y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x}{3x + 7}}$	\rightarrow	$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x}{3x + 7}}} \frac{(2x - 5)(3x + 7) - (x^2 - 5x)3}{(3x + 7)^2} =$ $= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x}{3x + 7}}} \frac{6x^2 + 14x - 15x - 35 - 3x^2 + 15x}{(3x + 7)^2} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x}{3x + 7}}} \frac{3x^2 + 14x - 35}{(3x + 7)^2} =$ $= \frac{3x^2 + 14x - 35}{2(3x + 7)^2 \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x}{3x + 7}}}$
$y = \operatorname{sen}(x^2 + 5x)$	\rightarrow	$y' = (2x + 5) \cos(x^2 + 5x)$
$y = \cos(x^3 - 3^x)$	\rightarrow	$y' = -(\operatorname{sen}(x^3 - 3^x)) \cos(x^3 - 3^x) = (-3x^2 + 3^x \ln 3) \operatorname{sen}(x^3 - 3^x)$
$y = \operatorname{tg} \sqrt{x}$	\rightarrow	$y' = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x} \cos^2 \sqrt{x}}$
$y = \operatorname{sen}^2 x + \operatorname{tg}^2 x$	\rightarrow	$y' = 2 \operatorname{sen} x \cos x + 3 \operatorname{tg}^2 x \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$

$y = \operatorname{sen}(x^3 - 2x^2) \cdot \cos(5 - x)$	\rightarrow	$y' = (3x^2 - 4x)\cos(x^3 - 2x^2) \cdot \cos(5 - x) + \operatorname{sen}(x^3 - 2x^2) \cdot (-(-I) \operatorname{sen}(5 - x)) =$ $= (3x^2 - 4x)\cos(x^3 - 2x^2) \cdot \cos(5 - x) + \operatorname{sen}(x^3 - 2x^2) \cdot \operatorname{sen}(5 - x)$
$y = \frac{x^2 + \cos x}{x - \operatorname{sen} x}$	\rightarrow	$y' = \frac{(2x - \operatorname{sen} x)(x - \operatorname{sen} x) - (x^2 + \cos x)(1 - \cos x)}{(x - \operatorname{sen} x)^2}$
$y = e^{x^2 + 5x - 7}$	\rightarrow	$y' = (2x + 5)e^{x^2 + 5x - 7}$
$y = 4^{x+\cos x}$	\rightarrow	$y' = 4^{x+\cos x} (\ln 4)(1 - \operatorname{sen} x) = (1 - \operatorname{sen} x)4^{x+\cos x} \ln 4$
$y = (x^3 - 5x^2)7^{x^2+5}$	\rightarrow	$y' = (3x^2 - 10x)7^{x^2+5} + (x^3 - 5x^2)2x 7^{x^2+5} \ln 7 =$ $= (3x^2 - 10x)7^{x^2+5} + (2x^4 - 10x^3)7^{x^2+5} \ln 7$
$y = \ln(4x^3 - 6x)$	\rightarrow	$y' = \frac{12x^2 - 6}{4x^3 - 6x}$
$y = \log(2x - x^2)$	\rightarrow	$y' = \frac{2 - 2x}{(2x - x^2) \ln 10}$
$y = \log_5(x^3 3^x)$	\rightarrow	$y' = \frac{3x^2 3^x + x^3 3^x \ln 3}{x^3 3^x \ln 5} = \frac{3x^2 + x^3 \ln 3}{x^3 \ln 5} = \frac{3 + x \ln 3}{x \ln 5}$ <i>También puede hacerse aplicando, previamente, las propiedades de los logaritmos, $y = \log_5(x^3 3^x) = \log_5 x^3 + \log_5 3^x = 3\log_5 x + x \log_5 3$</i> <i>Por lo tanto, $y' = 3 \frac{1}{x \ln 5} + \log_5 3 = \frac{3}{x \ln 5} + \frac{\ln 3}{\ln 5} = \frac{3 + x \ln 3}{x \ln 5}$</i>